§216.124

Authorization issued under §§ 216.106 and 216.127.

§ 216.124 Mitigation.

- (a) The activity identified in §216.120(a) must be conducted in a manner that minimizes, to the greatest extent practicable, adverse impacts on marine mammals and their habitats. When conducting operations identified in §216.120(a), the mitigation measures contained in the Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 216.127 must be implemented. These mitigation measures include (but are not limited to):
- (1) All aircraft and helicopter flight paths must maintain a minimum distance of 1,000 ft (305 m) from recognized seal haul-outs and rookeries (e.g., Point Sal, Purisima Point, Rocky Point), except in emergencies or for real-time security incidents (e.g., search-and-rescue, fire-fighting), which may require approaching pinniped haul-outs and rookeries closer than 1.000 ft (305 m).
- (2) For missile and rocket launches, holders of Letters of Authorization must avoid, whenever possible, launches during the harbor seal pupping season of March through June, unless constrained by factors including, but not limited to, human safety, national security, or for space vehicle launch trajectory necessary to meet mission objectives.
- (3) Vandenberg Air Force Base must avoid, whenever possible, launches which are predicted to produce a sonic boom on the Northern Channel Islands during harbor seal, elephant seal, California sea lion, and northern fur seal pupping seasons of March through June.
- (4) If post-launch surveys determine that an injurious or lethal take of a marine mammal has occurred or there is an indication that the distribution, size, or productivity of the potentially affected pinniped populations has been affected, the launch procedure and the monitoring methods must be reviewed, in cooperation with NMFS, and, if necessary, appropriate changes must be made through modification to a Letter of Authorization, prior to conducting the next launch of the same vehicle under that Letter of Authorization.

(5) Additional mitigation measures as contained in a Letter of Authorization.
(b) [Reserved]

§216.125 Requirements for monitoring and reporting.

- (a) Holders of Letters of Authorization issued pursuant to §§216.106 and 216.127 for activities described in §216.120(a) are required to cooperate with NMFS, and any other Federal, state or local agency with authority to monitor the impacts of the activity on marine mammals. Unless specified otherwise in the Letter of Authorization. the Holder of the Letter of Authorization must notify the Administrator, Southwest Region, NMFS, by letter or telephone, at least 2 weeks prior to activities possibly involving the taking of marine mammals. If the authorized activity identified in §216.120(a) is thought to have resulted in the mortality or injury of any marine mammals or in any take of marine mammals not identified in §216.120(b), then the Holder of the Letter of Authorization must notify the Director, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, or designee, by telephone (301-713-2289), within 48 hours of the discovery of the injured or dead animal.
- (b) Holders of Letters of Authorization must designate qualified, on-site individuals approved in advance by NMFS, as specified in the Letter of Authorization, to:
- (1) Conduct observations on harbor seal, elephant seal, and sea lion activity in the vicinity of the rookery nearest the launch platform or, in the absence of pinnipeds at that location, at another nearby haul-out, for at least 72 hours prior to any planned launch occurring during the harbor seal pupping season (1 March through 30 June) and continue for a period of time not less than 48 hours subsequent to launching.
- (2) For launches during the harbor seal pupping season (March through June), conduct follow-up surveys within 2 weeks of the launch to ensure that there were no adverse effects on any marine mammals.
- (3) Monitor haul-out sites on the Northern Channel Islands, if it is determined by modeling that a sonic boom of greater than 1 psf could occur in

those areas (this determination will be made in consultation with NMFS),

- (4) Investigate the potential for spontaneous abortion, disruption of effective female-neonate bonding, and other reproductive dysfunction,
- (5) Supplement observations on Vandenberg and on the Northern Channel Islands with video-recording of motherpup seal responses for daylight launches during the pupping season.
- (6) Conduct acoustic measurements of those launch vehicles that have not had sound pressure level measurements made previously, and
- (7) Include multiple surveys each day that surveys are required that record the species, number of animals, general behavior, presence of pups, age class, gender and reaction to launch noise, sonic booms or other natural or human caused disturbances, in addition to recording environmental conditions such as tide, wind speed, air temperature, and swell.
- (c) Holders of Letters of Authorization must conduct additional monitoring as required under an annual Letter of Authorization.
- (d) Holders of Letters of Authorization must submit a report to the Southwest Administrator, NMFS, within 90 days after each launch. This report must contain the following information:
 - (1) Date(s) and time(s) of the launch,
- (2) Design of the monitoring program, and
- (3) Results of the monitoring program, including, but not necessarily limited to:
- (i) Numbers of pinnipeds present on the haul-out prior to commencement of the launch,
- (ii) Numbers of pinnipeds that may have been harassed as noted by the number of pinnipeds estimated to have entered the water as a result of launch noise
- (iii) The length of time pinnipeds remained off the haul-out or rookery,
- (iv) Numbers of pinniped adults, juveniles or pups that may have been injured or killed as a result of the launch, and
- (v) Behavioral modifications by pinnipeds that were likely the result of launch noise or the sonic boom.

- (e) An annual report must be submitted at the time of renewal of the Letter of Authorization.
- (f) A final report must be submitted at least 180 days prior to expiration of these regulations. This report will:
- (1) Summarize the activities undertaken and the results reported in all previous reports.
- (2) Assess the impacts at each of the major rookeries.
- (3) Assess the cumulative impacts on pinnipeds and other marine mammals from Vandenberg activities, and
- (4) State the date(s), location(s), and findings of any research activities related to monitoring the effects on launch noise and sonic booms on marine mammal populations.

§ 216.126 Applications for Letters of Authorization.

- (a) To incidentally take marine mammals pursuant to the regulations in this subpart, the U.S. citizen (as defined by §216.103) conducting the activity identified in §216.120(a) (30th Space Wing, U.S. Air Force) must apply for and obtain either an initial Letter of Authorization in accordance with §216.127 or a renewal under §216.128.
- (b) The application must be submitted to NMFS at least 30 days before the activity is scheduled to begin.
- (c) Applications for a Letter of Authorization and for renewals of Letters of Authorization must include the following:
- (1) Name of the U.S. citizen requesting the authorization,
- (2) A description of the activity, the dates of the activity, and the specific location of the activity, and
- (3) Plans to monitor the behavior and effects of the activity on marine mammals
- (d) A copy of the Letter of Authorization must be in the possession of the persons conducting activities that may involve incidental takings of pinnipeds.

§216.127 Letters of Authorization.

(a) A Letter of Authorization, unless suspended or revoked, will be valid for a period of time not to exceed the period of validity of this subpart, but must be renewed annually subject to annual renewal conditions in §216.128.